

Carmarthenshire's Welsh in Education Strategic Plan

2014 - 2017



Section 1

Carmarthenshire's vision and objectives for Welsh medium education

Learning in Carmarthenshire

Our vision ...

To provide a service which will ensure access to high quality learning opportunities for all children, young people and adults, thus enabling the achievement of their full potential within the context of the unique bilingual nature of the county

Our policy for promoting learning ...

The promotion of learning is our core purpose. We believe that effective learners:

- know how to learn on their own and with others.
- · can progressively manage their own learning
- enjoy learning
- are confident and motivated to continue learning throughout life

The Local Authority, its schools and other education providers promotes a culture that encourages people to explore views on learning and encourages people to develop a shared understanding of learning.

This work is facilitated by:

connecting with people and discussing how we learn

- sharing good practice in encouraging all pupils to think and talk about their learning styles
- clarifying and enhancing the role of Assessment for Learning (AfL)

The outcome of this work will be:

- effective learners who have a greater propensity to achieve
- providers who engage everyone in promoting learning
- providers agreeing and implementing policies for learning
- providers who engage in action research centred on learning

Our priorities ...

- Communication across the curriculum: literacy, numeracy, bilingualism, ICT and well-being
- Assessment for Learning— raising expectations and consistency to drive out variation
- > System leadership and increased collaboration

Our way of working ...

- Build trust and maintain dialogue
- Work together to embrace change, strengthen systems, practice and outcomes
- Work together to ensure that everyone is achieving

The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

When reviewing the 2011 Census results Carmarthenshire saw the greatest reduction in percentage points across Wales- from 50.3% in 2001 to 43.9% in 2011, which means that less than half of the population could speak Welsh by 2011. This is the first time in the history of the county for the percentage to fall under half.

Following the publication of the 2011 Census results the full Council agreed to establish a Task and Finish Group to research into the factors that have led to the decline and to formulate recommendations in order to address the situation. In this period between April 2013 and March 2014, a series of meetings were held to discuss the following-

- Planning
- Education
- Language and Economy
- Welsh medium workplaces and the Council's administration
- The impact of organisations who work for the benefit of the Welsh language, such as the Mentrau laith
- Opportunities to use the Welsh language in the communities in the county
- Language Transmission in the family
- Marketing the Language

Members agreed to invite a range of organisations and individuals to present evidence to the Working Group and to build on local knowledge regarding the position of the Welsh language in the county. The members agreed to invite members of the public to submit their comments with regard to the priority areas and to offer their own personal experiences with respect to the Welsh Language.

The group decided to commission two specific pieces of research work. Dr Dylan Phillips was commissioned to prepare a detailed statistical report on the state of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire in order to have a document that would be available, not only for the work of the Working Group but as an evidence base for each of the Council's partners when planning services and activities to promote the Welsh language in the County. It was also agreed to commission the University of Wales Trinity Saint David to conduct a piece of research work regarding Planning and the Welsh Language.

Education

Carmarthenshire's Welsh Education Strategy reflects the Council's aspirations and the aspirations of the Welsh Government, as laid out in the Welsh Medium Education Strategy, the Schools Effectiveness Framework, Carmarthenshire Language Policy and the Integrated Community Strategy.

The Plan emphasises the commitment to work together to achieve the best outcomes for all Carmarthenshire's children and young people.

The Authority will work with other services to achieve the following-

- Ensure that Welsh medium or bilingual education is available to every child and that it should be within a reasonable travelling distance from children's homes. This refers to children of pre-school age and above;
- Ensure that the Welsh language continues to be taught as a first language and/or second language on the timetable in all the County's schools, in line with the statutory requirements of the Welsh Medium Education Strategy, 'providing a system and training which respond via planned methods to the increasing demand for Welsh medium education', and that from the period prior to statutory education onwards;
- Ensure that every pupil in Welsh/bilingual medium schools can speak, read and write Welsh fluently by the end of KS2;
- It is expected that linguistic progression occurs in the curricular experiences of the learners as they transfer from Key Stage 2 to Key Stage 3;
- It is expected that every pupil who has followed the Welsh first language programme in the primary stage continues with this programme on transition to the secondary phase;
- Ensure a developed progression from pre-school provision to Welsh medium/bilingual primary education to Welsh medium/bilingual secondary education. Linguistic progression is promoted from KS4 onwards to the lifelong learning career of pupils and students in the county;
- Work in partnership with all pre-school education providers, the Foundation Phase, primary and secondary schools and 14-19 learning
 pathways in order to improve the standard of Welsh as a first and second language. All the County's schools will receive advice and
 support from the System Leaders who are part of school improvement services. Further support is offered by Literacy Associate System
 Leaders and the service provided by Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), as they visit the schools, by monitoring
 pupils' linguistic standards on behalf of the Local Authority;

- Ensure that children and young people who have additional educational needs receive an equal linguistic opportunity as regards Welsh medium education when fulfilling the requirements of the revised Code of Practice for ALN Wales;
 - Promote and develop learning programmes, which will enable teachers to nurture the ability and confidence to introduce Welsh as a first language and/or a second language;
 - Promote language awareness training for governors, parents and teaching staff;
 - Address issues in terms of linguistic ability of learning support workers who can assist with the delivery of Welsh language provision in the Foundation Phase, in Welsh medium and Welsh Second Language settings;
 - Ensure that pupils new to the County who are non-Welsh speakers are able to make full use of the service provided by Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), so that they, following an intensive Welsh language course, can integrate naturally into their local school and community.
 - Promote the development of pupils' bilingual skills in all school situations, so that more Welsh is used, in proportion to individual school designation in respect of their teaching medium.

Section 2

The Action Plan

Outcome 1: More 7 year old children being educated through the medium of Welsh

Recommendations from the Census Working Party - The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in Welsh and English.

- 1. That the County Council works closely with the Mudiad Meithrin and private providers to ensure that Welsh medium pre-school education is readily available in all parts of Carmarthenshire.
- 2. That the County Council prepares a definite work plan and timetable, in collaboration with school governing bodies, in order to move each primary school along the language continuum. Strategies will need to be developed for the various categories and geographical areas;
- 3. That the County Council works closely with the staff and Governing Bodies of Carmarthenshire's transitional schools (which are Welsh medium schools but with significant use of English) in order for them to become Welsh schools;
- 4. That the County Council works closely with the staff and Governing Bodies of Carmarthenshire's dual stream schools in order for them to become Welsh schools;
- 5. That the County Council agrees on the principle that all English medium primary schools over a period of time, should deliver the curriculum in the Foundation Phase mainly through the medium of Welsh as a starting point and consider different options for Key Stage 2 (KS2);
- 6. That the County Council will begin the process of identifying English medium schools which would be ready to deliver the Foundation Phase through the medium of Welsh fairly soon with the aim of offering a choice between Welsh stream or bilingual stream (25-50% Welsh medium) in KS2;
- 7. That the County Council gives full consideration to the present model for language/latecomers centres in the primary sector in Carmarthenshire and develops the provision on the basis of the Gwynedd and Ceredigion Councils model;
- 8. That the County Council adopts Gwynedd Council's Welsh Language Charter (which encourages children to speak Welsh at school and in the community) and adapts it to the requirements of Carmarthenshire;
- 10. That the County Council includes the expectations regarding the Welsh language medium provision as part of the agreement with schools, alongside areas such as discipline, attainment and attendance;

- **17.** That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;
- 19. That the Council will undertake an assessment of the demand for Welsh medium education in areas where deemed necessary;

AIM: To ensure an increase in the number of families who transmit the Welsh language within Welsh medium households and mixed language households and to offer support to non-Welsh medium households to introduce the Welsh language

- **67.** That the County Council works in partnership with organisations and projects such as Twf (an organisation that promotes transmitting language in a family) and the Mudiad Meithrin to promote bilingual opportunities in the pre-school sector through targeted communities within Carmarthenshire in accordance with the statistical analysis of the use of the Welsh language;.
- 69. That the Welsh Government with the County Council's co-operation ensures that the Welsh language is central to schemes and projects such as Flying Start.

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To increase	In 2015 56.8% of learners were educated through the		Have reached the 2015 target
the number of	medium of Welsh.	2015 56%	in terms of the number of
7-year-old		2017 58%	learners aged seven who are
learners who	The number of 7 year old learners educated through the		educated through the medium
are educated	medium of Welsh will increase as dual stream schools	Continue to increase the	of Welsh. Bodes well for
through the	plan for Welsh medium education in the Foundation	percentage of learners aged 7	increasing further as 6 dual
medium of	Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key	who are educated through the	stream schools move along
Welsh.	Stage 2.	medium of Welsh as Teachers	the linguistic continuum. After
		who Improve Welsh and	discussions with WG, starting
		Bilingualism (AGGaD), and	to consult formally 2016-17 to
		System Leaders continue to	change the school category.
		target Dual Stream schools.	Discuss the possibilities of
			creating schools that provide
		Target 3 schools to transfer by	in Welsh in the FP and then
		2016.	offer a choice of two streams
			in year 3 onwards.

		Target 8 schools to move along the language continuum by 2016. Researching into and consulting on a number of English medium schools that have the resources to implement the Foundation Phase through the medium of Welsh. Target those English medium schools to provide the Foundation Phase through the medium of Welsh- 2017.	Presentation has been created for the schools that are suitable for sharing with governors and parents. Have created a plan and started training on the advantages of bilingualism (based on academic research). Create a new dual stream school in the Llanelli area- have formally consulted - aiming to open a new school in September 2016. In discussions with WG for securing funding for a new school.
To adopt robust methods of measuring the demand for Welsh medium childcare provision and statutory education. To act promptly on the basis of parent survey findings.	 The admissions policy for children in Carmarthenshire schools depends on the local provision: Primary schools with nursery classes- admission in the term following the child's third birthday, mainly part time. Full time admission occurs before the child's fourth birthday; primary schools without nursery classes – full time admission at the start of the term before the child's fourth birthday We try to ensure a choice for parents and offer equal opportunities by funding places for children within the provisions of voluntary and private organisations, such as the Mudiad Meithrin, Ti a Fi or WPPA, in accordance with the guidelines set for them by the Carmarthenshire Children's Partnership. 	The LA and the Assembly's vision, as defined in the Welsh Medium Education Strategy SA1, is to aim for the same target, namely "to improve the process of planning Welsh medium provision in the prestatutory and statutory phases". Aim to increase Welshmedium pre-school provision in the catchment areas of 3 English medium schools annually. Target schools with early years classes to ensure at	

One nursery school and 31 nursery classes are sustained by the Education Authority.

Mudiad Meithrin has been a member of Carmarthenshire Children's Partnership from the outset. They are included in all discussions and decisions when formulating and agreeing the Authority's Plant for Early Years and Childcare.

Since there is a very wide network of Welsh medium schools and dual stream schools in the County, there is an opportunity for all pupils to continue their early education through the medium of Welsh, within a reasonable distance of their homes.

Carmarthenshire has developed an organised system of education and training, which responds to the demand for Welsh medium education. The county's unique position, being counted by us as a microcosm of the whole of Wales, means that we increase the number of people of all ages and backgrounds who are fluent in Welsh and can use the language with the families, in their communities and in the workplace.

Providing primary education, which has the aim of ensuring fluently bilingual pupils, is central to the mind-set of the Authority.

All pupils have the opportunity to receive such education, within a reasonable distance of their homes. The vast majority of the County's pupils are educated in the local community school. Some pupils, however, receive their education outside their community in line with their parents' wishes.

least 90% of the children continue with Welsh Medium education.

Working with Mudiad Meithrin / pre-school education providers to track the progression from Nursery Groups to Welsh-medium education in Dinefwr and Carmarthen.

Needs assessment has been completed in partnership with the Children's Services officers.

Collaborate with the Foundation Phase / Early Years team to ensure service in all areas.

To ensure that 21st Century School proposals include full consideration of Welsh medium provision.

The county's method of extending the provision is a strategic one under the leadership of the County Council. At present, we are focussing on how we can ensure sufficient suitable places for the children of those parents and carers who are eager to secure Welsh medium education for their children.

The Strategic Outline Programme tries to aim for better educational results and a better quality of life for children and young people, whatever their economic and social background. We also aim to reduce the educational differences within the classroom, between classes and between schools, and across the authority.

The Authority sticks steadfastly to the concept of the language continuum, facing the challenge of ensuring that all the County's schools move positively along the developmental line. This means that all schools have to regularly evaluate the role of Welsh as a subject, the use of Welsh as a medium and the position of Welsh as a context for school activities and organisation.

In light of the bilingual aim of the Authority's language policy, extended and extensive use must be made of Welsh throughout KS2 in Welsh Medium and Dual Stream schools, so that pupils attain the aim of being fluently bilingual by the time they transfer to the secondary sector. This means that at least 70% of the teaching and learning time has to be through the medium of Welsh in each year during KS2 in these schools.

 Some schools already provide more than 70% of the teaching and learning time through the medium of Welsh

Assessing the sustainability of education in small schools.

Complete the proposal to create a dual stream school in the Llanelli area.

Target the 11 dual stream schools by the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) through a specific plan to develop language.

8 Dual Stream Schools to become Transitional schools by 2016.

Extend the 70% and above percentage of teaching with support from the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), by teaching Mathematics and Science through the medium of Welsh.

100% of Welsh medium schools teaching Mathematics through the medium of Welsh by 2017.

Respond strategically to lack of sustainability of small schools- two schools closed in 2015. After discussions with the WG to ensure understanding of the process, follow the county's strategic programme on moving dual-stream schools. Two schools are transitional. By 2015 100% of Welsh Medium schools teach Welsh medium Mathematics. Ahead of the target.

The MEP unit is aware of school places and the programme to plan for growth.

Investment plans to reorganize secondary schools have been completed. Ysgol Dyffryn Aman has developed into a 2B school. Pantycelyn & Tregib schools have merged to create Ysgol Bro Dinefwr- a change from 2C to 2B in terms of provision. Gwendraeth and Maes yr Yrfa schools have merged to create a 2A school - Maes y Gwendraeth. A new extension for Maes y Gwendraeth and a new

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	 Raising standards of achievement amongst pupils in Welsh second language at the end of KS2 in English Medium schools. Intensive input from Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), to train adults and pupils in the classroom in order to raise standards in second language. The county's plans for 21st century schools will present the proposed results WG intends to achieve in its Reorganisation of the Education and Training Provision in Wales, as well as the Welsh Medium Education Strategy documents. 	The reorganisation of five 11-19 schools in the Dinefwr area to create three centres of learning which will collaborate formally with Coleg Sir Gâr and with training providers to fulfil 14-19 education. Welsh Medium provision to be monitored and developed through the implementation of the WESP.	building for Ysgol Bro Dinefwropening in 2016.
To improve collaborative working through consortia.	 The intention is to support elements of the Welsh medium provision by means of a partnership and the work of the ERW regional consortium as follows- working together across the region on the Welsh Literacy strategy Joint monitoring and evaluation of primary and secondary schools by using the expertise of regional System Advisers Sharing data and good practice across the region Attending and supporting Forum meetings and processes across the region Promoting Partneriaeth Beca curricular developments (Emlyn and Cardigan schools and Ceredigion College, and partners from the wider area between Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire) Funding Welsh medium provision via network and 14-19 Forum funding. 	The Welsh in Education Grant will be administered by the ERW consortium.	Welsh Grant finished. ERW Welsh in Education Committee hold regular meetings each term following ERW's business plan. The committee cascades to the Executive Board. ERW's Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) Working Party have created extensive resources for the ERW website. The Welsh Second Language Charter working group has created the ERW Welsh Charter Campus resource which is being piloted in January 2016 by 20 schools

To increase the ability to take advantage of Welsh medium provision by means of immersion schemes and tentres for latecomers. The Authority has six Language Centres, and their definition and role corresponds to that stated in the schools as teachers from the Centres to days a week, for at least a coportunity to visit the Centres use the following schemes. To increase the ability to take advantage of Welsh medium provision by means of immersion schemes and the immersion schemes and the latecomers. The Authority has six Language Centres, and their definition and role corresponds to that stated in the Strategy. They serve pupils who have moved into the located in Llandovery, Llandeilo, Amman Valley, Authority. A "School to School" Plan is in hand. The aim is to target pupils who move from one solitored models of other counties by modifying the special to another within the Authority has six Language Centres, and their headworking meetings. Developing Secondary Language Charter, Materials promoting the benefits of bilingual communities of Carmarthenshire. They are located in Llandovery, Llandeilo, Amman Valley, Authority. The Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), have an important role as they reinforce the work carried out by the Centres in the schools. This is done by working with the classroom teachers also, in turn, have an opportunity to visit the Centres. If the following schemes.				
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			working with the classroom	. •
following schemes-		opportunity to visit the Centres. The centres use the	teachers and pupils every half	decision of Members is to
Tollowing solicines Tillow to the defedigion?		following schemes-	term.	move to the Ceredigion /

- Cynllun Cychwynnol Hwyrddyfodiaid (in the centres);
- Croeso i Gymru (booklet and CD in the schools);
- Cynllun Canol Latecomers;
- · Cymru am Byth;
- · Cynllun Croesi'r Bont;
- Cynllun Caru Cymru;
- 'Blas ar Gymru';

Preserving flexibility within the service in order to comply with the changes in the Strategy.

Continue with the Language stations project as and when required.

September 2014establishment of Canolfan Bro Dinefwr as a pivotal centre for county latecomers.

Establish language stations as required in Ammanford, Carmarthen and Gwendraeth area with a squad of three Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), available to develop an initial plan for latecomers.

Transition Plan piloted Dinefwr primary schools Summer 2015.
Follow-up support from Teachers who Improve and Bilingualism at schools Course in Language Center of Center of Course in Language Center of Cen

Gwynedd system, this will require significant investment.

Language stations: Work based on aspects of Welsh history and developing Y5 extended writing skills. One week course; Pupils Yr5 of several schools together; 3 stations in a family of schools: 2 Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), will co-present **Primary / Secondary** Transition Plan piloted in Bro Dinefwr primary schools in Summer 2015. Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism at school.

Course in Language Centre - 2/3 days a week, for 10 weeks, 2 Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) responsible for the teaching and care. Aftercare and further support from Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) back at school. A total of one year of support is aimed for.

Flying Start course offers

			support to non-Welsh parents of children entering the Foundation Phase Blas ar Gymru Course is for parents who have just moved
To establish a Welsh Medium Education Forum and	The Authority sticks steadfastly to the concept of the language continuum, facing the challenge of ensuring that all the County's schools move positively along the developmental line. This means that all schools have to	Continuing to monitor, challenge and support schools to move along the linguistic continuum.	in to Carmarthenshire A Welsh Medium Education Forum has been established - members: Robert Sully- Director
establish contact with the Children and Young People's Plan. Ensuring	regularly evaluate the role of Welsh as a subject, the use of Welsh as a medium and the position of Welsh as a context for school activities and organisation. Targets are set and schools are targeted by using data and then monitoring via the Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework by a System Leader.	Target 3 Transitional schools to become Welsh medium by 2017.	Gareth Morgans- CEO Aeron Rees - Head of Learner Programmes Cllr. Cefin Campbell (Chair) Cllr. Ryan Bartlett Cllr. Thomas Theophilus
consideration is given to resources and funding Welsh medium provision in	The links with the Children's Partnership is a practical and functional one and there are regular meetings. The intention is to ensure that the authority's strategic education documents and schemes include reference to the Strategic Improvement Plan for Education by means	Establish a Welsh Medium Education Forum by September 2014. Arrange annual Welsh Education conferences and	Cllr. DW Hugh Richards Cllr. W Gwyn Hopkins Catrin Griffiths- Challenge Advisor with responsibility for Welsh Julie Owen
the early years.	of co-operation and communication across the authority. The Welsh and Bilingualism System Leader is a member of the Members Advisory panel on the Welsh language, and regularly raises awareness of the content of the Strategic Improvement Plan for Welsh in Education and developments in Welsh medium education across the	training for Welsh teachers (1st and 2nd language) on skills and methodology for	Eryl Roberts- Amman Valley Ann Jones- QEH School Lee James- Llandybie School Heather Davies Rowlinson- Mudiad Meithrin
	county. Regular consultations with the main stakeholders will take place as this plan is formulated-		Other stakeholders to be part of the forum by invitation

	 Official meetings will be held regularly. Scrutiny Committees will be held regularly. The county website will be used to invite parents and the public to offer comments. 		
To provide information to parents/carers.	 Raising awareness of the Welsh medium provision and providing information to parents as follows- Raise awareness of the benefits of Bilingualism by working collaboratively with County Council staff on creating a booklet on the benefits of bilingualism. The bilingual booklet "Carmarthenshire Schools: Information for Parents" is published annually. Copies are distributed to schools, County Council offices and Libraries and are placed on the county website. The booklet contains the Authority's language policy, how to apply for registration in a school and a list of all the County's schools, including the language category of all schools. All schools provide a prospectus, which clearly records the school's detailed interpretation of the County's language policy, including the role of Welsh as a subject, and the use made of it, if applicable, as a medium for teaching and learning at the school. Definite arrangements give primary pupils an opportunity to visit the secondary schools. Primary and secondary headteachers are the best source of detailed information regarding what individual schools offer. Information leaflets distributed by WG, TWF, and Mudiad Meithrin explain the advantages of bilingualism and 	Complete the project of raising awareness and understanding of the benefits of a bilingual education-Autumn 2014. Create a pamphlet and a page on the county website to raise awareness and understanding of the benefits of a bilingual education.	In the wake of the Language Charter posters and pamphlets were created including quotes by Alex Jones and Nigel Owens. A DVD including a PowerPoint on the benefits of bilingual education, interviews with non-Welsh parents and comments from secondary school pupils is provided. Encourage schools to transfer the information to their websites. The training of primary and secondary governors on the benefits of bilingual education is part of a training programme for 2015/16, to be presented in Spring 2016.

bilingual education, listing organisations or agencies who can give guidance, explanations and further support. In December, in preparation for the choice the following September, a transfer package is sent to all Y6 pupils, giving them information about their local secondary school, as well as the closest bilingual school and copies of the prospectuses of the relevant schools. A bilingual transfer form is presented, which they are asked to complete and return to the central office by the end of January. It explains that parents can express a preference for their children to receive their education in a particular school, but if parents wish their children to attend a school outside the catchment, the application will be allowed only if there is space and sufficient resources in the chosen school. The county transport policy will always be applicable. Information about schools is also available electronically on the County Council website.

Outcome 2: More learners continue to improve their language skills as they move from primary to secondary school

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English languages.

- 9. That the County Council revisits the structure to ensure that Welsh medium primary schools are part of a secondary school family that can provide appropriate linguistic continuum from the primary sector to KS3 and KS4 and hold transition activities that reflect the linguistic nature of the primary schools which feeds it;
- 12. That the County Council expects secondary schools to build on the linguistic foundation laid by the Welsh medium primary schools by ensuring that all pupils continue to study Welsh as first language and as a learning medium up to KS4;
- 13. That the County Council adopts a clear continuity protocol with all primary and secondary Welsh schools (or bilingual), with appropriate training where needed, to increase the number of pupils continuing to study through the medium of Welsh at all key stages:
- 14. That the County Council researches the possibility of establishing a second-chance scheme within the transition period between primary and secondary sector by adopting the Immersion Scheme which has been very successful in a number of secondary schools across Wales;
- 15. That the County Council agrees a timetable and plan to support 2A, 2B and 3 schools to move along the language continuum over a period of time and to lead to ensure that all other secondary schools move along the language continuum and create an ethos that encourages respect towards the Welsh language;
- 16. That the County Council plans for growth in Welsh medium education in the secondary sector.
- 17. That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;
- 19. That the County Council will undertake an assessment of the demand for Welsh medium education in specific areas where it is deemed necessary.

AIM: To increase the use of the Welsh language within the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and recording progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

A. Objective	B. Current	performance	C. Targets	}	D. Progress
To increase the percentage of the	The percentage First Language	e of Y9 pupils who are assessed in Welsh -	Raise the percentage of Y9 pupils who are assessed in		2017 target reached - adapted to 45%.
Year 9 pupils who are assessed in Welsh (First Language)	Year % Year 9 assessed in Welsh First Language 2010 36% 2011 36%		2012 37% school places and the programme to plan to	The MEP unit is aware of school places and the programme to plan for growth.	
	2012 2013 2014 2015	36.5% 35.6% 38.4% 43%	* The target has be following a signification 2015.	cant increase in	An investment plan at
	schools- the to Carmarthenshi	n of the Local Authority's secondary otal number of Secondary schools in re according to the definitions in WAG cument 023/2007 are as follows-	Establish a language station in the Llanelli area. Sustaining and increasing the number of subjects offered		Strade has been completed and the Maes y Gwendraeth investment is in place.
	Strade- Llanel	B secondary schools li Bro Myrddin- Carmarthen draeth- Cefneithin	bilingually to pupils in Years 7, 8 and 9 in the EM schools so that they can move along	upils in Years ne EM schools	Schools are supported to provide a broad curriculum in Welsh.
	, , ,	2 secondary schools Aman- Ammanford efwr - Llandeilo	the local authority's language continuum.		Primary-Secondary Transition scheme piloted in Dinefwr primary schools in Summer 2015/2016

			Offer training to the Coedcae,	
	3 (EW)	2 secondary schools	Bryngwyn, and St. John Lloyd	Continue with Language
		h High- Carmarthen	and Glan y Mor family of	Stations provision to
	Dyffryn Taf- Whi		schools.	respond to area needs
	4 (EM)	5 secondary schools	Analyse further and track the	
	Bryngwyn- Llane		choices/standards of 2B	
	Coedcae- Llane		schools.	
	Glan-y-Môr- Bur		Promote and facilitate	
	St John Lloyd C Emlyn- Newcast		bilingual education by	
	Lilliyii- Newcasi	ile Lilliyii	supporting Year 7 and Year 8	
	In Coedcae. Bry	yngwyn, Glan-y-Môr and St John Lloyd,	learners- AGGaD Project.	
		as a second language only. Bryngwyn		
	school offers part	of the curriculum bilingually to pupils in Y7.	Establish the Beasley Centre	
		esting increase, and is a very laudable	in Ysgol y Strade- Summer	
	progression along	g the continuum.	2014.	
	First Language is	of Year 9 pupils who are assessed in Welsh comparatively low, and should rise as the Bilingual Category secondary schools	Collaborate with two 2A and 2B schools to track progress of primary pupils into Year 7,	
		esult of transforming secondary education	8 and 9.	
	In addition, as a implement schem	result of the Strategy, other schools will nes to ensure that pupils continue with first nmes after transferring to KS3.	Two language stations established in the Gwendraeth Valley to target 75 pupils to reconcile transfer language to KS3.	
Promoting more effective transition between the pre-school	information for maintained and	oupil tracking system will include the Welsh-medium schools that are non-funded and maintained Welsh medium / and will be a tool for targeting areas.	Ensuring a robust tracking system for settings -using the data to target areas	Continue to target and support schools to move along the continuum. Work jointly with the WG on the possibilities of creating

phase and statutory provision.	The linguistic progression between the Foundation Phase and KS2 in Welsh medium schools is 100%, and is rising in dual stream schools. A number of Dual Stream schools are in discussions with the LA to move along the continuum in the direction of Transitional schools because of the number of pupils who choose Welsh medium education at the end of the Foundation Phase.	Continuing to target and support schools to move along the continuum	schools with Welsh Medium FP with the Junior department providing a choice of language.
To promote a higher proportion of Welsh medium provision in bilingual schools.	Tracking systems will be used to measure linguistic progression between Welsh medium funded provision in the non-maintained pre-school sector and provision maintained within the Foundation Phase. Data, the Regional Framework for Support, Challenge and Intervention, training and courses in the classroom will be used to promote a higher proportion of Welsh medium provision in bilingual schools. In the Foundation Phase and KS2 the AGGaD, SL and ASL will monitor progress. Between KS2/3 and 3/4 data and tracking systems, the Regional Framework for Support, Challenge and Intervention, SL and ASL visits will be used to monitor progress. Across the Key Stages Literacy inspections and work scrutiny will focus specifically on linguistic progression.	Continue to carry out regional literacy surveys. Co-operation across the region to share data, share good practice, ensure consistency and use expertise to raise standards	Work jointly with Welsh for Adults. Training packages with suitable language have been created in conjunction with AGGaD. Courses delivered across the county. Use of the Net and lesson observation and work scrutiny tool by heads, teachers and challenge advisors across the region to raise levels and ensure consistency. In terms of increasing Welsh medium provision in specific schools in the Foundation Phase and KS2 theAGGaD are targeting schools and teachers for various training such as-Modelling good practice in the classroom Training adults and pupils in the classroom

Develop further opportunities for learners to maintain and improve their Welsh language skills in Bilingual schools, in co-operation with partners in the county and across the region in order to promote the benefits of Welsh medium learning.

The proportion of the curriculum presented through the medium of Welsh and in dual stream primary schools is at least **70%** of the teaching time.

In the secondary sector there is variance across the 12 schools. The individual schools are regularly monitored as regards the Welsh medium provision as follows-

- SL Visits
- ASL training
- Literacy surveys
- The AGGaD service
- The Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework

As regards increasing the Welsh medium provision in specific schools in the Foundation Phase and KS2, the AGGaD target schools and teachers for various training such as –

- Modelling good practice in class
- Training adults and pupils in class
- Targeting for WG Sabbatical courses
- Maintaining after care provision in class

In KS3 the provision varies from school to school, but is increasing as the restructuring becomes embedded. As a result of the strategy, schools will implement schemes to ensure that pupils continue to follow first language programmes after transferring to KS3.

Increasing the Welsh medium provision in specific schools.

Raising awareness amongst parents.

Targeting for WG
Sabbatical courses
Sabbatical courses
targeted for the WG
Maintaining after care
provision in class

Outcome 3: More 14-16 students studying for qualifications through the medium of Welsh. Outcome 4: More 16-19 students studying subjects through the medium of Welsh in schools, colleges and work based learning

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

AIM: To mainstream development of the Welsh language as a core feature of any economic development plans within Carmarthenshire

AIM: To increase the use of Welsh in the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and record progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

- **45.** That the County Council, through the 14-19 Network, develops Welsh medium work experience opportunities and apprenticeships within the workplace for young people and increasing the demand and the ability for the private, public and voluntary sectors to operate bilingually.
- **46.** That the County Council works with Careers Wales through the 14-19 Network to promote the needs of the private sector regarding bilingual skills.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

55. That the County Council coordinates a strategic action group which would include secondary schools, youth organisations of the county, further and higher education sector and the leisure sector to plan and to link the Welsh medium provision to ensure that the best possible use is made of the resources available within the County, to target the resources as required and identify any gaps.

A. Objective	B. Cu	rrent performan	се		C. Targets	}	D. Progress
To increase the	The perce	ntage of students	(registered for C	GCSE Welsh	Increasing the	percentage to-	There was an increase
percentage of 14-	first language) who study for 5 or more qualifications at					from 2013 to 2015. The	
16 students who	the end of Year 11 through the medium of Welsh is as			2015	65%	impact of the investment	
study for	follows -				2017	65%	in Bro Dinefwr and Maes
qualifications		2010	55%				y Gwendraeth schools
through the		2011	60%		* The target has	been amended	will be reflected in the
medium of Welsh		2012	56.1%			lysis of the 2015	data in the future.
		2013	60%		result and the ou	utlook for 2017.	
		2014	60.2%				Move schools along the
		2015	61.5% tbc				language continuum -Bro
				_			Myrddin to move from
	At the san	ne time the perce	ntage of students	s (registered	Increasing the	percentage to-	category 2A to category
	for GCSE	Welsh first langua	age) who study f	or 2 or more			1- formal consultation
	qualification	ons at the end of	Year 11 through	the medium	2015	89%	currently.
	of Welsh i	s as follows -			2017	90%	
		2010	68%				Joint working across the
		2011	70%			number of pupils	region to create and
		2012	83.9%]		elsh first language	coordinate resources and
		2013	87.7%		courses in 2E	3, 2C and 2CH	activities for the new
		2014	91.6%		category school	ols.	specification. Share these
		2015	88.3% tbc	1			on the ERW website.
	This outco	me is achieved b	y the secondary	schools			
		irst language Wel					Using resources created
		f Welsh in Key St		3			for Carmarthenshire
		,	J				Primary Charter to raise
	The 5 or more qualifications through the medium of				awareness of the benefits		
	Welsh is a	mbitious for the p	oattern of second	dary schools			of bilingualism.
	in the cou	nty at present. As	s the number of (Category 2B			
	schools in	creases, such as	in Dinefwr, it is e	xpected that			

	the number of pupils studying Welsh as a first language and following subjects through the medium of Welsh will increase in those schools by increasing the number and percentage that will follow two or more qualifications in Welsh.		
To ensure that the provision for 14-16 learners complies with the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009.	The provision occurs mainly in the three Category 2A schools at present, with very little in the Category 2C and 2Ch schools. A number of vocational courses for 14-16 year olds are provided on Coleg Sir Gâr sites as well. The Welsh medium provision will develop and increase in schools through co-operation. The management structure for 14-19 education in the County, described below, will oversee the progress made and the Welsh medium provision. This will ensure that schools comply with the requirements of the Learning and Skills Measure. Carmarthenshire's 14-19 Network has provided a prospectus of courses for 14-19 pupils. This markets the courses that are available, including those which are in Welsh or bilingual. In addition, specific finance, a portion of the 14-19 grant, is allocated to develop the establishment of Welsh medium and bilingual courses. It should be noted that the County provides additional funding for schools through the finance formula according to the proportion of subjects offered through the medium of Welsh across the age range. This has promoted the provision of Welsh medium learning in the schools.	Continuing the provision in category 2A schools. Increasing the provision in 2B and 2C schools. Meet the new requirements in respect of 14-19 education provision, 2014	Continue the provision and raise understanding of the benefits of bilingualism. Start the Secondary Language Charter in conjunction with Gwynedd.
To increase the percentage of 16-19 students who	The percentage of 16-19 students who study 2 or more subjects through the medium of	Increase the percentage of 16- 19 students who study subjects	Conducting a survey of language use. Joint working with Mentrau and

study subjects through the medium of Welsh in schools. Welsh/bilingually (e.g. qualifications/modules)

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014 2015 elements o

29%

38%

30.9%

31.3%

33.8%

30.34%

of through the medium of Welsh in 2A and 2B schools

2017 35%

* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Trywydd to try to raise awareness and understanding of the importance of continuing to study subjects through the medium of Welsh.

Again, as in the case of outcomes specific to KS4, this is a difficult element to develop and increase outside the 3 2A Category schools in Carmarthenshire. The naturally bilingual schools are encouraged to present elements or all the aspects of the Welsh Baccalaureate course through the medium of Welsh to students who do not study their chosen subjects through the medium of Welsh.

County officers, via the structure of management meetings, work with schools and managers at Coleg Sir Gâr and other providers, such as the mentrau iaith, to increase the Welsh medium provision, which is available for post-16 students.

Schools within the Welsh Education Partnership, namely the three Category 2A schools, have taken pioneering steps by working together to increase the provision of vocational courses and more traditional fare. The Partnership provides courses in the 16-19 age range mainly.

An officer from the Authority attends Forum meetings in the south-west. Headteachers of Category 2A schools in Carmarthenshire are loyal members of the Forum and

Continuing to increase the elements of the Welsh Baccalaureate course through the medium of Welsh for pupils who are not studying their chosen subjects in Welsh.

Develop a formal structure of collaboration across the region in practically and through networking.

	have become pioneers by developing the work of their Partnership with Coleg Sir Gâr and sustaining cross-boundary partnerships to support more traditional and vocational courses through the medium of Welsh. This will contribute to ensuring that the schools carry out the requirements of the Education and Skills Measure and ensure sustainable courses.		
To work through regional 14-19 networks and 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.	Specific sections of the previous comments and those below are relevant to this question. The network's 14-19 Operational Group includes representatives from the Authority, secondary heads and senior managers from Coleg Sir Gâr. This is the group that supervises the vocational provision, including the Welsh provision across the County. Representatives attend meetings of three area clusters and the Welsh medium partnership cross-cluster, which meets regularly to plan and implement the provision. A governors' joint committee oversees the work of each cluster and partnership. These are the channels that promote and support Welsh medium developments.	Continue to work together through 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.	Continue to work together through 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.
To gather and use data on the 14-19 Welsh medium provision Planning for a post-16 provision within partnerships.	The management structure described for the previous question monitors the Welsh medium provision in the 14-19 age range. Also, the quality assurance group gathers information, including pupils' opinions, and observes lessons, in order to prepare an annual self-evaluation report. The Welsh medium provision is addressed in these activities. Headteachers and curriculum managers from the schools and the College hold discussions for each meeting described in the structure above. This provides	Continuing to respond to pupils' requirements as regards the medium of teaching and individual learning pathways, monitoring them regularly.	Secondary Language Charter to survey post 16. Continue to respond to the demands of pupils as regards the medium of individual learning pathways, monitoring them regularly.

for school pupil requirements as regards the medium of teaching and individual learning pathways. The provision is added to annually.

There is very little Welsh medium provision for 14-19 pupils in the workplace, except in the field of children's education and development.

A prospectus of the 14-19 courses provided in Carmarthenshire's schools and colleges for 2010-11 has been prepared on paper and electronically. The Authority's officers led and managed this work. The medium of teaching is noted for each course. The prospectus does not include the provision in the workplace.

Have appointed a coordinating officer using Bwrw Ymlaen grant. The officer is working to create a smooth pathway between schools, colleges and the workplace.

Draw the attention workplace to the importance and benefits of maintaining opportunities for the Welsh Medium

Outcome 5- More students who have higher language skills in Welsh

Recommendations from the Census Working Party - The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire AIM: To increase the use of the Welsh language within the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and record progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

AIM: To mainstream the Welsh language as a core feature in any economic development plans in Carmarthenshire

- **45.** That the County Council, through the 14-19 Network, develops Welsh medium work experience opportunities and apprenticeships within the workplace for young people and increasing the demand and the ability for the private, public and voluntary sectors to operate bilingually.
- **46.** That the County Council works with Careers Wales through the 14-19 Network to promote the needs of the private sector regarding bilingual skills.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

- **56.** That the strategic action group ensures that it develops Welsh medium community opportunities that will support and reinforce the educational curriculum.
- **57.** That the County Council increases the Welsh medium provision within its youth service and supports staff within the service to develop their skills of working through the medium of Welsh.
- **58.** In accordance with the Youth Clubs Task and Finish Group (January 2014), the Council will prioritise increasing the Welsh medium provision as part of the new strategic approach by commissioning organisations that provide open access services through the medium of Welsh.
- 65. That the County Council works more closely with the National Theatre of Wales in order to offer Welsh medium community opportunities.
- 66. That the County Council attracts and promotes Welsh and bilingual performances in its county theatres.

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To improve work on literacy skills in	Compliance with Carmarthenshire Literacy Strategy		
Welsh.	Intention 1- That all Carmarthenshire's schools should continue to raise all pupils' attainments so that they all fulfil their potential		Data report available
	 Our aim is to- support and challenge the standard of teaching and learning in order to improve the quality of individual pupils' work and all the schools in the local authority; develop and support Welsh literacy system leaders; promote the sharing of good practice across the LA, ERW and within families; helping to develop and support Professional Learning Communities across the Local Authority; focus on developing skills for all learners in line with the 3-19 Skills Framework, giving a lead on developmental education; give a lead and assistance to develop independent learners; organise and support cross-phase meetings within schools and across families to promote continuity and progress; raise awareness and training in the use of IT to improve standards; ensure that effective systems are in place for assessment, tracking, recording, moderation and standards. 		
	Intention 2 - To help Carmarthenshire schools that are listed on the Support and Challenge Framework matrix, where the need to raise standards in Welsh literacy is greatest.	Targeting the schools where the need to raise standards in Welsh	
	Our aim is to-	literacy is greatest.	
	provide special training and support for the named schools		
	Intention 3- To ensure that low attainment pupils succeed in moving forward towards a standard of literacy which will enable		

them to take advantage of educational opportunities and become responsible members who fulfil their potential.

Our aim is to-

- give schools advice on how to support groups which will need help with Welsh literacy;
- offer advice regarding training and preparing early intervention programmes;
- offer schools guidance on ways of encouraging parents to support their children.

Intention 4- To develop and cultivate critical self-evaluation methods

Our aim is to-

- support schools in the self-evaluation process in order to ensure that good practice is developed in Welsh literacy;
- work with schools/families to identify, support and nurture System Leaders;
- work with schools/families to support and cultivate effective PLCs.

Intention 5- To work with schools and education providers to raise awareness in the family and the wider community in order to deal with socio-economic disadvantages which act as a barrier to raising standards in Welsh.

Our aim is to-

- work with parents/carers to enable them to help the development of their children's Welsh literacy at home and in school;
- collaborate with the Mentrau laith to help schools to develop as centres of learning in their communities.

Continuing to run training for intervention programmes such as Letters and Sounds. Dyfal Donc.

Developing and cultivating critical self-evaluation

Continuing to work with schools and education providers to raise awareness in the family and the wider community in order to deal with socio-economic disadvantages, which act as a barrier to raising standards in Welsh.

	Intention 6- Tha	at all learners enjo	oy new creative	experiences			
	Our aim is to- encourage all schools/families to continue to work closely with Libraries, Museums, Theatre in Education.						
To improve provision and standards in Welsh first language.	The percentage of pupils at the end of the Foundation Phase that attain Outcome 5 in Language, Literacy and Communication in Welsh medium settings (Welsh Medium, Transitional and Dual Stream)			Target for rai			
	Year	Foundation	Regional	Welsh	2015	92%	in the Foundation Phase as part of a
		Phase	average	average	2017	93%	project to raise
		achieving Outcome 5 in Welsh			Promoting th	e Letters	Carmarthenshire standards.
	2012	85.40%	84.50%	85.93%	and Sounds		Torrecting cohoole
	2013	86.2%	86.6%	86.2%	in the Founda as part of	ation Phase	Targeting schools after Challenge
	2014	89.2%	90.2%	89.2%	Carmarthens	hire's	Advisors' visits and
	2015	91.4%	92.2%	91.4%	raising stand		conducting specific
	Percentage of pupils achieving L4+ at the end of key Stage 2-				project.		ERW training. 2015 target of
	Year	KS2 achieving L4+	Regional average	Welsh average	Raising the p		0.4% not achieved. Continue to target
	2010	in Welsh 75.1%	80%	81%	2015	89%	and expand good
					2017	90%	practice in working in Donaldson style
	2011	80.5%	82%	82%			from school to
	2012	83.2%	87%	84%			school.
	2013	84.5%	85.8%	86.7%			
	2014	84.4%	87.3%	88.1%			
	2015	88.6%	89.5%	90.5%			

Percentage achieving L5+ in Welsh at the end of Key Stage 3-

Year	KS3 L5+ in Welsh	Regional average	Welsh average
2010	72.70%	78%	77%
2011	82.30%	84%	81%
2012	83%	86%	84%
2013	83.6%	86.8%	87.6%
2014	88.7%	90%	90.1%
2015	86.5%	89.2%	90.9%

% of pupils at end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C GCSE Welsh-

2011	74.4%
2012	73%
2013	72.9%
2014	69.1%
2015	72.3%

In order to try and improve standards of achievement, the intention is to continue to-

- Monitor and target schools by using the service provided by the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), in the primary sector, as well as System Leaders and Associate System Leaders
- Carry out an audit of reading levels/ages in KS2
- Monitor intervention projects regularly
- Note changes in the KS3 and 4 statistics after establishing the Dinefwr 2B school in 2013.
- · Carry out Literacy surveys annually

Raising the percentage-

2015	86%
2017	88%

Raising the percentage of grades A* - C in GCSE Welsh

2015	77%
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* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Continue to monitor data and set targets. Respond to the results of the literacy survey by System Leaders. Target achievedcontinue to target
and expand good
practice in the
implementation of
Donaldson ideas as
regards support
from school to
school, working
together, sharing
good practice and
regional
moderation.

Still below target.
Continue to monitor and set targets.
Joint working across the region to share good practice.

To increase opportunities for	 Follow a regional timetable for standardisation and moderation in literacy Target schools that need additional help according to the Regional Framework matrix. A number of projects provided by schools, Mentrau laith, the Welsh Language Board, Mudiad Meithrin, Estyn Llaw, Urdd Gobaith Cymru, 	Raising schools' awareness of the	Collaborate with Mentrau laith and
learners of all ages to practise their Welsh outside the classroom.	Youth Committee, Young Farmers' Clubs and Welsh for Adults develop formal and informal teaching and learning opportunities which are inclusive and sustainable. They reinforce and realise the aim of ensuring that pupils are fluently bilingual, as well as cultivating cooperation between key partners in order to ensure continuity and progression in learning opportunities. Urdd residential courses and a wide range of after school clubs are provided in the Foundation Phase/KS2/KS3/KS4		AGGaD by means of Codi Caerau Charter
To improve the provision and standards in Welsh second language.	The percentage of pupils at the end of KS2 who attain L4 at least in Welsh Second Language- 2011 58.4% 2012 51.4% 2013 61.1% 2014 69.1% 2015 72.3% Cluster moderation in Key Stage 2/3 on raising standards in Welsh Second Language across schools identified these points: • The Second Language Schemes of Work were revisited in order to ensure that the tasks set were challenging enough to provide evidence at levels 4/5; • Continuity and progression throughout the school as regards the language patterns presented;	Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS2 who attain at least L4 in Welsh second language- 2015 64% 2017 68% * The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.	Targets have been achieved Moderation across the county and moderation across ERW. Launch Second Language Charter to raise awareness in 2016

- Teachers need to have high expectations;
- Better understanding is needed of the Second Language level descriptors – Speaking, Reading and Writing
- The status of Welsh as a second language was raised in the English medium schools
- The importance of standardisation and moderation across schools, the family, the Local Authority and ERW.

The percentage of pupils at the end of KS3 who attain Level 5 in Welsh second language-

2010	52.9%
2011	61.8%
2012	63.5%
2013	70.6%
2014	76.6%
2015	80.9%

Considerable increase during the course of a year.

The percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Full Course –

2010	67.7%
2011	69.7%
2012	67%
2013	69.8%
2014	78.2%
2015	79.5%

Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS3 who attain at least L5 in Welsh second language-

2015	72%
2017	75%

* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Full Course –

2015	80%
2017	82 %

^{*} The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Target has been achieved.
Reflection of the input by AGGaD and collaboration between the Primary and Secondary across ERW

Within reach of the target- ensure maintenance of standards in second language by ensuring an increase in the mother tongue as well.

	The percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Short Course – 2010 77% 2011 69% 2012 0% 2013 0% 2014 0% 2015 0%	Maintaining the Welsh Second Language percentages by ensuring the raising of First Language Welsh percentages Continuing to ensure that no pupils sit the Welsh Second Language Short Course.	
To increase the opportunities for learners of all ages to practise their Welsh outside the classroom.		Annually increasing the number of teachers who use Welsh naturally now and again in the school Creating a Welsh atmosphere and ethos on a daily basis.	Carmarthenshire 'Codi Caerau' Charter is a vehicle to increase opportunities for pupils, staff and parents to use Welsh outside the classroom. Identification and recruitment of teachers and teaching assistants for the Entry, Foundation and Advanced levels Courses. AGGaD contribute linguistic expertise and methodology

	In the case of secondary pupils it is county level that are organised by the beheld bilingually, providing an oppupils and learners to hear Welsh be such as the youth forum, health Similarly, visitors to schools are expossible opportunity and to prome education.	e Authority and by schools should cortunity for non-Welsh speaking eing used. This will include events education, drugs, careers, etc. expected to use Welsh at every		during courses. Supporting practitioners back in their schools Introducing annual sessions on introducing 2nd Language methodologies to students in the second year of the B.Ed. course
To increase the Welsh and Welsh Second Language A Level registrations, as a percentage of the	The percentage of Welsh GCSE c at A Level- 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	7% 7% 4.5% 5.4% 4.5% 4.2%	This issue creates concern for us in Carmarthenshire but we believe it reflects the situation across Wales 2015 6% 2017 6%	Research is being carried out to ensure the integrity of GCSE and transmission to Post 16 data - to understand the reasons for a
Welsh and Welsh Second Language GCSE registrations.	The percentage of Welsh Second who go on to study at A Level- 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015		However our aim is to increase the cohort of GCSE Welsh and Welsh Second Language candidates who go on to study A levels. 2015 3% 2017 3%	reduction in the number studying A Level - nature of the course, individual choice Collaborate with Coleg Sir Gâr to improve understanding of A

It would be very desirable if the authority and individual schools could increase the number of 16+ students who study Welsh first or second language as an examination subject. This is no easy task, but we hope it will happen naturally, as an increase in Welsh is seen as a result of implementing the Welsh Strategy from the Foundation Phase up to 19 years over a period of time. This will be part of the criteria for measuring the success of our Strategy.

At the same time, in line with the requirements of the Skills and Learning Measure, today's children receive more of a choice of courses, and the competition to attract 16-19 students has a detrimental effect on the numbers studying Welsh.

We should also note that the percentage above does not take into account the number of pupils who have left Carmarthenshire's secondary schools with a GCSE qualification in Welsh first or second language, to continue their post-16 education at a college. Information regarding those who are studying Welsh at A level in the colleges has not been considered here.

Level data across the county. Joint training across the region to share practice to inspire students to continue studying A level.

Outcome 6: Improving the Provision of Additional Learning Needs through the medium of Welsh

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

- 17. That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To improve the	The Local Authority has made a commitment to provide a	By December 2014, via the	Schools share
provision of Additional	bilingual service to Carmarthenshire learners.	review of the School/LA	information with parents. Schools
Learning Needs (ALN) through the	The following is our vision for the service -	Partnership Agreement all schools to adopt the principle.	have pride in the provision of
medium of Welsh.	We will work with our partners to ensure that all children and young people have the opportunity to fulfil their potential, in a bilingual environment, which respects and values all cultural traditions.	By December 2014, via the LA's website/school prospectuses, share information with parents.	training and sharing of resources across ERW.
	We will implement this by-	From now on, appoint staff	Staff and bilingual service will be
	 Employing staff who are confident to work in Welsh and English 	with the appropriate/suitable skill for the setting.	available for Carmarthenshire
	 Working to support the development of language skills amongst those who are lacking in confidence to communicate and write in Welsh. 	From now on, ensuring staff who can work in Welsh or	schools and pupils.
	Supporting teachers and ALN Co-ordinators in our Welsh medium schools so that they are confident in supporting children/young people who have additional needs.	bilingually and the availability of appropriate resources so	Develop bilingual resources in response to

 Ensuring Welsh or bilingual education is available for all pupils in the specific units for educating children who have profound difficulties and that all pupils have an equal opportunity to receive education and support in their chosen language, whatever their disabilities. Developing bilingual programmes of support/intervention so that the same resources are available for children who choose to attend Welsh medium schools. Carrying out a survey of the present provision, gauging the demand for ALN in Welsh. 	that the service can be provided. Introducing/creating appropriate bilingual material on every occasion.	changing legislation in ALN.
rrying out a survey of the present provision, gauging the mand for ALN in Welsh by- Consulting regularly with Headteachers/ALN Co-		
 ordinators to gauge the demand for Welsh medium provision Consulting with officers/staff in the department e.g. Education Psychologists, Pupil Progress Officers, System Leaders on areas for development. Considering data regarding pupils within the system and the demand for specialised Welsh medium provision. Consulting with parents through the Annual Review/SNAP agency process. Implementing provision development schemes for ALN in 	Summer term 2014- Carry out a detailed self-evaluation of the service that will note the current situation of the service, and will include an inspection of the current provision e.g. the bilingual abilities of staff.	Working with WG on an analysis of the ALN workforce.
 the Dinefwr Area in two Category 2B schools and one Category 2A school. Continuing work at regional level to examine the potential of joint working to provide specialised services locally rather than having to buy places for children in provisions outside the area. Developing the new system of supporting children who have ALN (Child Centred Planning, Individual 	Autumn term 2014- create an action plan to respond to the findings and incorporating any service improvements into the	Provide bilingual courses and workshops to meet local needs.

Development Plans, Learners Rights), ensuring that the process is available in Welsh and English. Sharing information with parents. Working with the various agencies to agree on the principle and provision. Employing/training providers in the necessary bilingual skills. Incorporating in the School Modernisation Programme. Continuing to work with other Authorities on developing specialised services locally.	School Modernisation Programme. Implementing the agreed schemes by extending the current provision and the ability to operate bilingually.
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Outcome 7: Planning the workforce and supporting continuous professional development

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

20. That the County Council works with every governing body to conduct a language skills audit in order to consider the linguistic needs of the workforce and be able to move the school along the language continuum.

AIM: To increase the use of the Welsh language within the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and recording progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To ensure a	We work with school governing bodies to try and fulfil	There are no problems	
sufficient supply of	the need for practitioners to learn by ensuring	as regards recruiting	
practitioners for	awareness and understanding of the following-	Welsh-speaking staff,	
Welsh medium		but in order to ensure	
education.	 The Local Authority vision; 	high standards,	
	Carmarthenshire's Welsh in Education	language improvement	
	Strategic Plan;	courses are provided.	
	 The Welsh Medium Education Strategy; 		
	Discussions with System Leader;	Establishing a	
	The Headteacher's vision;	database and updating	
	Training for Governors;	it annually.	Data base is live.
	Presentations of the Welsh and Bilingualism		
	Briefing Paper		

Improving practitioners' language skills. Improving practitioners' methodology skills

The language skills of the workforce have been audited regularly by means of-

- A Language Questionnaire every alternate year for all members of staff in schools
- A survey by the Council to gather information about the language skills of staff – the E-learning electronic questionnaire Welsh Language Awareness which was developed to outline responsibilities under the Language Act 1993 and the Welsh Language Measure 2010.

You will also see references to learning needs by medium. The courses are distributed as necessary at an individual level, to schools or to families of schools.

The following will be used to identify the training methodology needs of those teaching in the Welsh and bilingual sector:

- System Leader visits
- The Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework
- The AGGaD Service
- Professional Learning Communities
- Associate System Leaders
- Data
- Family CPD plans, using grant funding
- Language questionnaires

CPD programmes will be provided in partnership with agencies such as WJEC and the Sabbatical courses, based on the needs and requirements of practitioners, identified via the needs questionnaire, network

Working together to use one questionnaire to gather information about the workforce's language skills

Increasing the cooperation amongst Welsh co-ordinators in order to develop strategies and consistency across ERW Collect linguistic skills information annually

Conduct evening sessions at the request of individual schools on aspect(s) of the AGGaD

Welsh learning sessions, developing Bilingualism or improving language on INSET days, during the school day or evening sessions. Language support for teaching assistants at work in the classroom.

Identification and recruitment of teachers and teaching assistants for the Entry, Foundation and Advanced levels Sabbatical Courses.

AGGaD contribute linguistic expertise and methodology during courses.

Supporting practitioners back in their schools.

Introducing annual sessions on introducing Second Language methodologies to students in the second year of the B.Ed. course.

meetings and family plans for the School Effectiveness grant. The Sabbatical courses will be vital to help schools who are changing category, as well as classroom training and mentoring across schools. Also, support through PLCs, System Leaders and AGGaD visits will be key. The PLC scheme and System Leaders are vital to ensure sustainability.	Continue to evaluate the impact of the Sabbatical course on classroom practice.	
The System Leaders are used strategically for training and mentoring and respond to the requirements and needs of schools/families. The following are used: Data The Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework The Welsh Medium Education Strategy The Welsh in Education Strategic Plan The Literacy Strategy The Regional Framework for Inspecting Literacy Communication and co-operation A living language: a language for living 2012 to 2017 WG	Plans for effective language provision- target Carmarthen and Llanelli areas.	
The training and reports from visits ensure this. The main aim of CPD is to raise standards in literacy and dual literacy. Using Improving School Effectiveness, the families give priority to programmes of intervention such as Llythrennau a Synau/Letters	Teachers and DS/WM schools, which are moving along the continuum, will be	

	and Sounds. See also the aims and objectives of the Literacy Strategy – outcome 5. The Local Authority identifies teachers for the WG Sabbatical Programme and Welsh language courses within the Sabbatical Programme. Welsh courses are provided by AGGaD to refresh skills, follow-up programmes, support and mentoring. Monitoring will take place when they return to class, and there will be expectations as regards raising standards in Welsh Second Language. Trinity St David University and the Education Department have agreed that one of the AGGaD should be part of the team jointly responsible for the Sabbatical courses.	AGGaD. Continuing with the joint working	
To integrate Welsh medium considerations into all aspects of the School Effectiveness Framework	All school families across the county are considering improving attainment in Welsh first and second language and in Welsh medium/bilingual methodology in PLCs. Standardisation and moderation training was provided across the Local Authority in 2012/13. Schools are supported by sharing data, sharing good practice and sharing resources. At ERW regional level the work of actively supporting the teaching of Welsh and Welsh Second Language is implemented via the following- • Literacy Focus Group; • Training by SL and ASL; • Programmes of intervention - Dyfal Donc, Llythrennau a Synau/Letters and Sounds;	and considering exchanging specialist	Each school family across the local authority is considering improving attainment in Welsh First Language and Second Language and Welsh / bilingual methodology in PLCs. Standardization and moderation training was provided across the local authority and region The Language Charter will drive the use of Welsh Focus in the LA on- • A culture of high level performance and equality;

The following need to be created:

- A culture of high level performance and equality;
- A reduction in the performance gap within schools and between schools;
- A reduction in the performance gap between boys and girls;
- Ensuring resources and Professional Practice Networks are used effectively.

Professional Learning Communities are established in order to deal with the following:-

- teaching Welsh and Welsh Second Language
- improving Welsh literacy/dual literacy;
- teaching other subjects through the medium of Welsh/bilingually;
- acquiring Welsh language skills in the Foundation Phase:
- planning for informal use of Welsh in schools.

AGGaD will initiate the work, and then, in order to ensure sustainability, will also be responsible for follow up care.

- A reduction in the performance gap within schools and between schools;
- A reduction in the performance gap between boys and girls;
- Ensuring resources and Professional Practice Networks are used effectively.

PLCs are set up to tackle:

- teaching Welsh and Welsh Second Language
- improving Welsh literacy/dual literacy;
- teaching other subjects through the medium of Welsh/ bilingually;
- acquiring Welsh language skills in the Foundation Phase;
- planning for informal use of Welsh in schools

The above aspects are embedded in the Challenge Advisors' visits.

Adran 2: Welsh in Education Grant, Developing the workforce and Continuous Professional Development

Following agreement at the School Improvement Steering group comprising of headteacher representatives and LA officers it was agreed that WEG funding should be devolved directly to secondary schools. It was also agreed that WEG funding for primary schools would be retained centrally enabling the AGGaD Service to lead on a number of networks of professional practice as well as to provide targeted support for particular schools and CPD.



AGGaD provision for raising standards of bilingualism

Codi Caerau- Carmarthenshire Language Charter

(CAER comes from *Caer*fyrddin- the name of the county, and the source of the word CAER is the Latin *castrum* which means castle or stronghold)

One of the objectives of CLC was to develop a language charter to for Carmarthenshire schools that was based on Gwynedd schools charter and is funded by the Welsh Government. The aim of Codi Caerau is to provide a framework that can be used to promote and increase the use of Welsh in a social context. Simply put, the main aim of Codi Caerau is to encourage Carmarthenshire children and young people to learn and speak Welsh.



A 'character' has been invented to help deliver the message to primary pupils. Here 'Celt' reminds children about the importance of learning to speak Welsh. We will draw up a series of activities based on Celt - reading books, drama, and local history.

Marketing Advantages

Marketing materials for bilingualism have been created – Posters, Pamphlets, DVDs, Bookmarks, Badges, Bands, to:

- Promote the value of being bilingual in Carmarthenshire and Wales.
- Present facts based on research.
- Presented in a simple and clear way.
- Use County stars to support the campaign, namely Alex Jones and Nigel Owens.
- Conduct training sessions on implementing the Charter.

O				
Cwrs Cloncan	Targeting pupils, teachers and assistants to raise standards through Oral Activities and ideas with stimulating games from the Foundation Phase to widely independent writing in Year 6.			
Cynllun "Medru Dweud Medru Gwneud"	A series of activities targeting KS2 presented in the Pie Corbett method to raise oracy standards and communication skills. Leading to raising standards in listening, reading and writing including the Six Purposes for writing.			
Pecyn Drilio iaith drwy Gân				
Ideas on how to Build Confider	nce and a Positive Attitude in the transition from the Foundation Stage and Key Stage 2			
Supporting teachers and assis	tants in the Foundation Phase to raise bilingual skills.			
Mathemateg drwy gyfrwng Cymraeg	Combining language work and developing skills across the curriculum by introducing Mathematics on Problem Solving in Welsh medium schools			
Agweddau ar Wyddoniaeth	Combining language work by developing skills across the curriculum by introducing scientific experiments in Welsh Medium schools.			
Training	 Workshops exemplifying motivational activities and stimulating teaching methodology Welsh Lessons for adults who are part of a school's staff 			
Providing opportunities for We	Ish Sabbatical Training and Post Sabbatical Training back in the classroom			
Setting up Fun Clubs in Englis	h medium schools and identifying squads of pupils as leaders			
coming up i an olabo iii =iigiio	ineutum schools and identifying squads of pupils as leaders			
Y Canolfannau Cymraeg	 Latecomers Project Key Stage 3 transition support Planning; Planning continuing assessment opportunities in teaching; Discussing and leading the planning of language skills as required by the curriculum. 			
	 Latecomers Project Key Stage 3 transition support Planning; Planning continuing assessment opportunities in teaching; 			

AGGaD Scheme Developmental plan to satisfy Carmarthenshire LA English Medium Schools.

Situation in 2010-2012

- Cynllun Cloncan established;
- Targeted -Dechrau Cloncan (Foundation Stage), Dal i Gloncan (Years 3 and 4) Mwy o Gloncan (Years 5 and 6);
- Several other packages related to bilingualism created to be offered in the Catalogue of resources for the schools;
- The needs of each English medium and dual stream school during the two years was satisfied;
- Training was held;
- The AGGaD Bilingualism Team Leader was responsible for Sabbatical Courses in collaboration with Trinity College, St David's for teachers with limited Welsh and classroom assistants.

English Medium and Dual Stream Schools are clustered into "Families" and the authority encourages collaboration in this way. Within these families, AGGaD identified the schools that are far from each other on the linguistic continuum and will these will be specifically targeted to raise standards and move schools- not necessarily in the same family, but with the same language requirements- to achieve further development in bilingualism. This will be the priority, but support will continue to all English medium schools in the LA.

Hold annual Welsh and Welsh Second Language Workshops in order to present information about new plans and developments, modelling good practice and sharing resources with teachers

Short Term 2 Year Plan- targeting Schools who are lower down on the linguistic continuum

- 1. Provide a Bilingualism Statement for all schools and encourage them to identify where they are on the language continuum;
- 2. Discuss with target schools how to use leadership to move forward;
- 3. Recommend the Class Teacher Language Training Plan which is linked to ...
- 4. The Sabbatical course
- 5. The training programme for support staff which will lead to...
- 6. Modelling classroom lessons.

By channeling the energy of the AGGaD on the above these schools can provide Cynllun Cloncan independently. The Delivery, Discussion and Recommendations will happen in groups in one centre.

It is intended to organize a Mobile Centre as a dedicated Bilingualism work-room in a central school at the heart of the target schools, and a series of Open Days and Development Evenings earmarked for an extensive period.

The work of the Centre will be developmental:

- by working with the Welsh and Bilingual Departments of the Secondary School Families it is intended to facilitate the transition from Yr 6 to 7;
- through collaboration it is intended to accelerate the development and raise standards consistently.

This group of schools will receive a Developmental Plan on the use of casual language which will provide them with sequential and functional language patterns.

Start to collaborate with Welsh-Bilingual departments to establish-

- immersion groups;
- bridging groups
- · Ongoing training of teachers and support staff

Language stations: again based on aspects of Welsh history and develops extended writing skills of pupils in Y5. A Week's course; Y5 pupils from several schools –

- I together; 3 stations in a family of schools; 2 AGGaD will co-present
- Primary-Secondary Transition Plan piloted in schools in Dinefwr.

Appendix 3: Numbers and percentages of pupils attending Welsh medium funded non-maintained settings that provide the foundation phase transferring to Welsh medium and bilingual schools - INCLUDED SEPARATELY

Appendix 4: Number and percentage of pupils in Welsh-medium and bilingual primary schools transferring to Welsh-medium secondary schools

Total number of pupils in Welsh-medium and bilingual primary schools	Total number of pupils transferring to Welsh secondary schools	Percentage of pupils transferring to Welsh- medium or bilingual secondary schools
Yr. 6 Cohort 2010 = 863	789	91.4%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2012 = 1035	952	92%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2013 = 1073	1005	93.7%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2014 = 1057	967	91.8%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2015 = 1127	960	85.25%

^{*} A piece of analytical work being carried out on the reduction in the number of children transferring from Welsh primary education to Welsh Secondary education.

Appendix 4: Attainment and performance in Welsh Second Language

Key Stage 2 Teacher assessment in Welsh Second Language at the end of Key Stage 2.	Number of Pupils	Percentage of Pupils	Percentage achieving Level 4
2011	1,877	49%	58.9%
2012	1,779	42%	51.4%
2013	1,862	49.2%	61.1%
2014	895 out of 1868	47.9%	67.4%
2015	818 out of 1767	46.3%	65.4%

Key Stage 3	Number of Pupils	Percentage of Pupils	Percentage achieving Level 5
Yr 9 pupils that have a Teacher assessment in Welsh			
2nd Language at the end of Key Stage 3			
2012	1289 out of 2021	63.7%	67%
2013	1257 out of 1983	63.3%	71%
2014	1198 out of 1959	61.2%	76.6%
2015	1081 out of 1926	56.1%	80.9%

Appendix 5: Acronyms

ALN	Additional Learning Needs		
ASL	Associate Challenge Adviser		
AGGaD	Teachers who support the teaching of Welsh/development of bilingualism		
CPD	Continuous Professional Development		
ERW	Education through Regional Working		
FPh	Foundation Phase		
WEG	Welsh in Education Grant		
IT	Information Technology		
KS2	Key Stage 2		
KS3	Key Stage 3		
KS4	Key Stage 4		
LA	Local Authority		
PLC	Professional learning Community		
SEF	School Effectiveness Framework		
SEG	School Effectiveness Grant		
SL	Challenge Adviser		
TWF	Offers free advice to parents on raising children in 2 languages from day 1		
WG	Welsh Government		

Appendix 6: Secondary Schools Categories

Category	Curriculum	Language of School	Outcomes
Welsh medium 1 CC	All subjects apart from English are taught through the medium of Welsh to all pupils. Some schools may introduce English terminology in one or two subjects	Welsh is the day to day language of the school. Welsh is used as the language of communication with the pupils and for the school's administration. The school communicates with parents in both languages	The assessment at KS3 and KS4 will be through the medium of Welsh in all subjects apart from English or other languages. The pupils will be able to progress to Welsh medium Post 16 provision.
Bilingual 2A 2B	This category has 4 sub-divisions according to the subjects taught through the medium of Welsh and whether there is parallel provision in English. At least 80% of subjects apart from English and Welsh are taught through the medium of Welsh only to all pupils. One or two subjects are taught to some pupils in English or in both languages. At least 80% of subjects (excluding Welsh and English) are taught through the medium of Welsh but are also taught through the medium of English.	Ianguages. The day to day language or languages of the school will be determined by its linguistic context. Both languages are used to communicate with pupils and for the school's administration. A high priority is given to creating a Welsh ethos. The school communicates with parents in both languages	For pupils in 2A, 2B and 2C following the maximum number of courses through the medium of Welsh, the assessment at KS3 and KS4 would be through the medium of Welsh in those subjects and they would be able to progress to post 16 provision through the medium of Welsh in chosen subjects.
2C	and English) are taught through the medium of Welsh but are also taught through the medium of English		

Category	Curriculum	Language of School	Outcomes
2CH	All subjects, except Welsh and English taught to all pupils using both languages.		
English medium with significant use of Welsh SC	Both languages are used in teaching with 20 - 49% of subjects taught through the medium of Welsh. All subjects would normally also be taught through the medium of English.	The day to day language or languages of the school will be determined by its linguistic context. Both languages are used for communication with the pupils and for the school's administration. A high priority is given to creating a Welsh ethos. The school communicates with parents either in both languages or in English.	Pupils choosing Welsh medium options could be assessed through the medium of Welsh in those subjects at all levels and would able to progress to study at post 16 through the medium of Welsh for those subjects.
Predominantly English Medium secondary school	Pupils are mainly taught through the medium of English. Welsh is taught as a second language up to KS4. One or two subjects (which could include Welsh first language) may be taught as an option through the medium of Welsh or using both languages.	English is the day to day language of the school, but some Welsh is also used as a language of communication with the pupils, with the aim of improving their capacity to use every day Welsh. The school communicates with parents either in English or in both languages.	Any pupils choosing Welsh medium options could be assessed through the medium of Welsh in those subjects at all levels would be able to progress to study at post 16 through the medium of Welsh for those subjects. Most pupils would be assessed in English in most subjects and would progress to English medium post 16 studies.